## BAYING THE MOON.

THE FABLE ILLUSTRATED IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. Kennedy, of Ohio, Denonnees Republican Opponents of the Election Bill.

An Unmerciful Criticism of the Senate's Members, Mr. Quay Bearing the Brunt of Attack,

The Pennsylvanian Called the Modern Judas, a Branded Oriminal, and a Peril to His Party-Senator Gibson's Substitute, for the Sugar Schedule-Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—During the abwashistron, Sept. a.—During the absence of the speaker on motion of Mr.
Cannon of Illinois Mr. Burrows of Michigan was elected speaker pro tem and took
the chair amid appliance from both sides.
The house then proceeded to the further
consideration of the Clayton-Breckinridge

Mr. Bergen, of New Jersey, resumed his All Bergen, of New Jersey, resumed his argument in layor of unseating Breckin-ridge. After depicting the assassination of Clayton, he criticised Breckinridge for not resigning his seart and thereby disowning the advantage he had gained from murder. He had not done so, but had stood by those who had stood by him at the death. ne death. Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, said the whole

majority report was founded upon "sus-picton" and not upon proof. Mr. Crisp gave notice that he would at the proper time move to recommit the pending reso-lutions with instructions to the committee on elections to ascertain whether Mr. Breckinridge or Mr. Clayton received a anajority of the votes cast in the election. MR. KENNEDY BOILS OVER

Mr. Kelly, of Kansas, spoke in favor of he majority report, and Mr. Kennedy, of hio, drew from the details of the Clayton Dhio, drew from the details of the Clayton-Breckinridge case the conclusion that a federal election law should be enacted. He reflected severely upon the senators who have been opposed to the Lodge bill. For himself, confident in the doctrines of the Bepublican party, fully committed to the principles of that party, he must forever dissent from the cowardly surrender which hauls down the flag and strikes the colors.

dissent from the cowardly surrender which hauls down the flag and strikes the colors of the Republican party to a defeated for Continuing, he said:

"Speaking for myself I shall nail the banner of the Republican party to the masthead with the doctrine which has become inseparable from the history of its existence and which demands the protection of the humblest citizen in the right to an honest ballot and the protection of life and property and stand ready to defend that doctrine to the last. That the election bill has been killed by Republicans, or pretended Republicans, is true. Without fair treatment, the bill which the house of representatives said imperatively house of representatives said imperatively was demanded for the preservation of its own honor and for its safety and stability and for the protection of the whole country against outrage and intimidation and riolence is deliberately put aside without a hearing and without opportunity of consideration. When before in all the past history of legislation has one house of the congress deliberately put upon the other the mark of its derision

The senate of the United States will learn that there is a bar of public opinion and that at that bar it is now being tried. To have been a senator in the days of Webster and Clay and Calhoun was to have been part of a body that had the admiration of the people, north and south. To have been a senstor in the days of Wade and Fessenden and Crittenden was to have been associated with men whose sense of bonor would have scorned the purchase of a seat and would have denied ompanionship to one whose name cas tarnished over by even a uspicion of infamy or corruption of the Roman toga had been bedraggied MF a the fifth and mire of the centuries, sure the cleak of senatorial courtesy has een used to hide the infamy and corrupion which has dishonored and disgraced ; body which was once the proudest in the and. The cloak of senatorial courtesy has become a scench in the nostrils and a by-word in the mouths of all the honest citi-It makes a cloak behind which ignorant and arrogant wealth can purchase its way to power and then hide its rowardly head behind the shameless protection of "senatorial silence." It means a cleak which shall cover up from the public gare of an outraged people, the infamies which demand investigation and which merit the punishment of broken laws and violated statutes. It means a cleak behind which It means a cloak behind which petty party bickerings may barrer away a party's principles and play the demagogue in the face of the people. It means a cloak behind which pretended alruess is discerned, while in secret it is trading and trafficking in the rights and liberties of the people. It means a cloak under which not only the timid but the cowardly politician may cover up his tracks and be either foul or fair as the necessity demands. The hour for senator-ial courtesy has passed. The exteam of senatorial progress must give way to the

THE MODERN JUDAS. Referring to the betrayal of Christ by Judas, Mr. Kennedy said: "It was meet and fitting that Judas should be paid the thirty marks of silver, it was still a part of the eternal fitness of things that having been guilty of the basest crime of all the centuries, he should go out and hang himself. History is repeating itself. The McClune.

Restoration and increase—Biair Median, Wilkinson.

Increase—J. L. Hugenier, Paysons: Marketmaster, McLouth.

Reissue—George W. Barngoover, Lyons.

Reissue—George W. Barngoover, Lyons.

Cossinal—Minors of James G. Mackey, McClune.

KANSAS PATENTS. himself. History is repeating itself. The great party of the republic having lived for thirty-five years, has never yet assisted in riveting the shackles on a human being and now when it was to be expected that and now when it was to be expected that it would redeem its piedges and be faithful to its history, it is about to become false and its oft repeated promises are not to be redeemed. It comes victorious from exery fleid and if it falls now it finds in its own party those who are faithless to the trust reposed in them. If it is to be crucified, it is only because its chosen leaders have barrered away its principles. have buriered away its principles box. Horace G. Johnson, Salina, apfor the tricks and petty schemes of politicians. The Judas Iscariot of 2,000 years ago is to find a counterpart in the Judas Iscariot of today. The Judas who took the thirty-pieces of silver and went and hanged himself has left an example for the Mat Draws that is well. ample for the Mat Quays that is well | vehicle.

ample for the Mat Quays that is well worthy of their imitation.

"Some time since I stood in my place on this floor and demounced a senator from my native state because when chargest with corruption and branded with infamy, he did not arise in his seat and demand an investigation and inquiry that should establish the purity of his actions and his personal honor. One other occupying a nigh place in the counsels of the party to which I belong, has suffered himself mount in and mouth out to be charged with crimes and misdemeanors for which with crimes and misdemeanors for which journed until tomorrow,

if guilty he should have been condemned under the laws of his state and have had meted out to him the fullest measures of its punishment. This man is a Republican Shall I now remain silent? Is it just and honest to remain in my seat silent because one who is accused of crime and refuses to seek for vindication is a Republican, and that Republican the recognized leader of my party? Neither decency nor honor would permit me to do so.

TheWirhita

A PERIL TO THE PARTY. "I don't know whether the charges made against the chairman of the national Re-

against the mational republican committee are true or false, but I do know they have been made by journals of character and standing again and again and I do know that in the face of these charges Mat Quay has remained silent and has neither sought nor attempted to seek opportunity to vindicate himself of them. I do know that as a great Republican leader, he owed it to the great party at whose head he was, either to brand them whose head he was, either to brand them as infamies or to prove their falsity, or he owed it to that party to stand aside from its leadership. He has not done either and for this I denounce him. The Republican party can not afford to follow the lead of a branded criminal. He has falled to justify himself, and, though opportunity and ample time have been given him, he remains silent. His silence under such carcumstances is a confession of guilt. An honorable man does not long delay or daily when his honor is assailed. He has delayed too long to justify the belief in his innocence and he stands a convicted criminal before the bar of public opinion. Under such circumstances he should be driven from the head of a party whose very life his presence Imperils. The Republican party has done enough for its pretended leader. Let him be relegated to the rear. It is no longer a question of vindication. It is now a question of the life of the party itself." life of the party itself.

IN THE SENATE. Reciprocity and the Sugar Schedule Take the Time.

Washington, Sept. 8.—A written com-munication from the Oswego board of trade contradicting a statement of the secretary of agriculture on the subject of the production of barley was presented by Mr. Evarts, who asked that it be printed

Mr. Evarts, who asked that it be printed in the Congressional Record. Objection to that was made but 500 copies were ordered printed for inmediate distribution.

Mr. Rusk's statement was that barley is the only cereal of which there is not raised a sufficiency for home consumption. The denial is to the effect that the annual product of the United States is about 60,000,000 bushels and the quantity used last year for malting purposes less than 45,000,000. Ten million bushels had been imported from Canada the quality being superior for malting purposes to that of

imported from Canada the quality being superior for malting purposes to that of the United States barley.

Mr. Call offered a resolution which was referred to the committee on foreign relations declaring that the murder of General Barrundia on the steamer Acupulco by the authorities of Guatemila while under the protection of the flag of the under the protection of the flag of the United States was an insult to the people of the United States. The tariff bill was taken up, the sugar

schedule being under consideration.

Mr. Edmunds addressed the senate.

Coming to the question of reciprocity

Mr. Edmunds recalled the history and the told me he would provide the same. ractical operation—injurious to the inited States—of the Canadian reciprocity treaty of 1854. He opposed the piacing of sugar on the free list. The expectation of the United States being able to dispose of a large increase of its products was, in his country open of the greatest illustrate that opinion, one of the greatest illusions that brilliant men or soberstatesmen had lately fallen into. He did not mean by this how-ever, that he was not willing and glad to try it on the plan of receiving any of the products of these countries which the Uni-

bill, he said, was full of nuggets of gold for the manufacturers but was as barren of fruit for the poor man as the tree that was cursed by the Savior. Most of Mr. Voorbees' speech was devoted to a vivid larly travelled route both going to and ribbons over some fine horses. and picturesque denunciation of the McKinley bill as the anti-Christ of all preceding legislation.

Mr. Evarts spoke of the various recipro-

city amendments and criticised them as being objectionable under the "unfavored nation" clause of international treaties,

There was but a small attendance of senators at the evening session, which was mainly occupied by Mr. Pierce in a speech advocating the idea of reciprocity. The senate at 9:45 adjourned till tomorrow at 10 ing officer or auditing board of

MR. GIBSON'S SUGAR SCHEDULE.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The substitute for the sugar schedule of the tariff bill intended to be proposed by Senator Gibson provides for levying the following duties: On all sugars not above No. 18, syrups and On all sugars not above No. 16, syraps and molasses testing by polariziscope not above 75 degrees, 7-10 of 1 cent per pound; for every additional degree 2-100 of 1 cent. All sugars between No. 13 and No. 16, 1% cents per pound. Between No. 16 and 20, 1% cents per pound. Above No. 20, 2 cents per pound. Molasses testing above 50 degrees testing above 50 degrees testing above 50 degrees and t

grees, 4 cents pergalion.

Provided, that if any export duty be laid on sugar and molasses by any country from which it may be imported, such gar or molasses shall be subject to sugar or molasses shall be subject to the duty as provided by law. Sugar candy and all confectionery made wholly or in part of sugar valued at 14 cent or less a pound and refined sugars, including colored or in any way adulter-ated, 5 cents per pound. All other confec-tionary 50 per cent ad valorem. Glucose 54 cent per pound. 54 cent per pound.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

cowardly politician may cover up his tracks and be either foul or fair as the necessity demands. The hour for senatorial courtesy has passed. The exteam of senatorial progress must give way to the motor of a more enlightened and progressive and determined age. Let the old and threadbare clock of senatorial courtesy be hung up with the sickle and the fail of a bygone day.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Pensions have been granted Kansans as follows:
Original—Joseph M. Kyle, Goodland; Charles Flakmar, Humboldt; Joseph Schwak, Mulvane; Eugene Vince, Burlington; John L. Flewing, Pawnee Valley; Erastus S. Bussell, Wichita: Abraham W. Rutledge, Yates Center; William J. Randolph, Mayday: DeWitt C. Taylor, Kingman.

Restoration and increase-Blair Mc-

KANSAS PATENTS.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The following inventors were granted patents: Benja-min R. Briles, Crotty, washing machine, William R. Elliott, Kansas City, conduit

THE ASSEMBLY RECEIVES TWO REPORTS.

Attempts to Secure Change of Rule by a Majority Vote Defeated.

The Rules Adopted by a Close Vote of Twelve to Eleven-Other House Proceedings.

Names of Assemblymen Who Will Prob ably be Chairmen of Committees-A Relief Bill Introduced in the Council and Referred-Capital Talk.

ecial dispatch to the Daily Eagle. GUTHRIE, Ok., Sept. 3.-The house was called to order by the speaker who called Mr. Jones, of Oklahoma, to the chair. Twenty-five answered to the roll call, Mr. Wimberly being absent. The minutes were read and approved.

The council returned house resolution 2, 3 and 6 and reported them concurred The Breckinridge case then went over in by the council. House joint resolution and the house adjourned. No. 6 was returned and the house notified that Messrs. Brown, of Oklahoma, Foster and Brown had been appointed a committee to act with a committee of the house on the bill.

Mr. Campbell, of Logan, presented the

following resolution:
Whereas, The Hon. Milton W. Reynolds and the Hon. C. M. Burke, members-elect of this house of the legislative assembly, having died before the convening of the said legislature, therefore be it
Resolved, That the speaker appoint a reconvening of the property suitable.

committee of three to prepare suitable resolutions expressive of the sense of this body on the untimely death of the deceased and report the same to this house tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock for its action

The speaker appointed Messrs. Campbell, Waggoner and Colson to draft suitable resolutions. The report of the committee on rules

was called for. A majority and minority report was presented. The reports were rdered read. Mr. Merten-I object to acting upon the

port until clerical errors are corrected. Mr. Trosper-We farmers are not paricular about little mistakes in a bill. The report was recommitted to the committee with instructions to report at 2

clock this afternoon. Mr. Neal wished to know if a cloak room Mr. Adair-The owner of the building

The committee on council bill No. 1 regarding the custody of prisoners re-

counties within this territory shall at the close of every court therein having jurisdiction of felonies convey all persons to the said penitentiary at the same time products of these countries which the United States did not produce and giving to the measure was demanded by every sense of decency and honor. It was demanded by the house of representatives that its floor night be purged of those who are embled be enter by reason of violence and murder.

A CHARLER OF STATES AND A coming from said penitentiary, including subsistence for himself, guards and prisoners not to exceed \$1 per day for each erson and railroad fare of prisoners. The number of guards shall be but one to every two prisoners unless the court or district judge order additional guards, all of which shall be set out in an itemized account by the sheriff and duly sworn to which sum if found correct by the audit county, the clerk of said auditing office or auditing board shall draw a warrant on the county treasurer for the sum."

An amendment to section 6 relates to the malfeasance of office. Mr. Merten moved the bill be considered

engrossed and read the third time. Carried Adair moved to pass it and the aves and navs called for. The vote was unanimous for passage. The house then adjourned until 2 o'clock

THE FIGHT OVER BULES. At the afternoon session the committee on rules made the majority and minority

report on sixty-nine rules. Mr. Merten moved adoption of the minority report on rule 57, which provided that the rules shall be changed by a two-thirds majority instead a ma Debate on this point was heated. Mr. Merten declared that a simple ma jority rule was unprecedented and cited the rule of the house of the legislature.

An excellent speech was made by Mr Terrill: "Oklahoma has no precedent," he aid, "we cast precedent behind." Mr. Trosper said the people were safe in

the hands of the majority. The motion was defeated. The motion was defeated.

Mr. Terrill moved to cut out rule 49.
There was another extended debate and
the motion was lost.

A communication was received from the

governor reciting that the territorial offi ers and Oklahoma legislature were invit ed to a banquet by the mayor and council and citizens of Oklahoma. The invitation The rules were adopted by a vote of 12 to

A petition from the Prairie View Aid society, Logan county, was referred to a special committee. The petition was for ed wheat.

Mr. Jones introduced a resolution memo-Mr. Jones introduced a resolution memorializing congress to enact a law enabling Oklahoma territory to issue bonds for the purchase of seed wheat. Adopted

purchase of seed wheat. Adopted Mr. Terrill moved that the secretary of the territory be requested to furnish 100 copies of the rules for the house.

Speaker Daniels appointed as the committee on education Messrs. Adair. Neal. Talbot, Barker, Currin and Terrill.

The house then adjourned until 10 a. m.

PROBABLE CHAIRMEN. It is generally conceded that the following gentlemen will be chairmen of commit-

E. H. Long, of Beaver, of the judiciary Jones, of Oklahoma, ways and

C. G. Jones, of Oklahoma, location of

e capital.
S. D. Pack, of Oklahoma, county officers.
T. R. Waggoner, of Cleveland, municial corporations, D. W. Talbott, of Canadian, engressed

 M. H. Campbell, of Öklahoma, distribu-on of United States relief fund.
 J. M. Storali, of Cleveland, elections. The greatest interest is taken in the appointment of these committees.

Large delegations from Okiahoma City and Kingfisher were in attendance before capital question is intense. Guthrie hopes to tie the house on a vote for capital.

THE COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS. At 9 o'clock the council was called to er-der by the president. The roll call found all the members in their seats except Mr.

Brown, of Logan.
Prayer was offered by the chaplain. The minutes of yesterlay were read and approved. Mr. Foster was granted unanimous consent to introduce council bill No. 8—a bill authorizing the county commissioners to issue warrants for the sufferers in their respective counties.

Mr. Foster moved that the rules be suspended and that the bill be read a second time by its title and immediately put upon

ime by its title and immediately put upon its passage.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved as an amendment that it be read a second time and referred to the committee on federal

relations.

Here quite a debate took place between Messrs. Brown of Oklahoma, Pittman and Bixler, and Foster, Lino, Brown of Logan, and McCartney.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, said that the bill as introduced by Mr. Foster provided that the \$47,000 appropriated by congress should be drawn by the governor and paid into the hands of the territorial treasurer, and that as there was no such an officer. into the hands of the territorial treasurer, and that, as there was no such an officer as territorial treasurer, the money could never reach the sufferers through that channel. Mr. Brown also stated that he had definite information as to what the bill as passed by congress was and that it would not be wise to rush the bill through the legislature without knowing what the congressional nowisions.

ing what the congressional provisions were. He also said that the congressional bill provided only for the relief of suffering caused by the unparalleled drouth, and that Mr. Foster's bill provided for the relief of all suffers, thus placing the two bills in conflict. fills in conflict.

Mr. Foster secured the floor and elo-uently defended the original motion.

Other members made short speeches ex-laining their positions on the question.

A vote was taken and the amendment

A vote was taken and the amendment was accepted.

Joint resolution No. 5, memoralizing congress on the question of the lease of school lands, was then brought up.

Mr. Brown, of Logan, moved to amend the resolution by requesting congress to give the legislature power power to lease school lands as they saw fit.

Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, moved to adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow in order to allow the committee on federal relations time to come to a conclusion on the relief bill introduced by Mr. Foster. The motion was carried and the council adjourned. SEED SUPPLY EXHAUSTED.

A. C. Scott today received a telegram from Secretary Rusk saying the supply of seed was exhausted. A petition was pre-sented from Prairie View stating that there were only three families in that sec-tion that did not require aid.

THE SANTA FE WILL SELL SEED WHEAT. ecial dispatch to the Daily Eagle. GUTHRIE. Ok., Sept. 3,-Mr. W. P. Hackney has received a letter from the Santa Fe railroad. It proposes to sell farmers at cost, free of freight, \$10,000 worth of wheat on one year's time without interest. A guarantee must be given that it will be used for seed. Governor Steele is to select an agent to see that the object

FINE HORSES WILL BE HERE.

is carried out and will name him tomor-

ita the last of this and first of next month is creating quite an interest here on account of the many special premiums of agricultural implements. It is regarded here as one of the most liberal premium

Abundance of peaches and a found in this locality. Farmers ter than many people expected.

A ROW IN CAMP. Leavenworth's Police Board Disciplines a Member.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 3.—A stormy LEAVENWORTH, Kain., Sept. 3.—A stormy session of the board of police commissioners was held in this city last Saturday, and participated in by Commissioners Lowe and Anthony. Secretary Lowe it was alleged and placed himself in the position of

Yesterday afternoon the board had another session, at which President Fairchild of the board introduced the following pre-amble and resolution, which was passed: "Whereas, During the session of this

"Whereas. During the session of this board at our regular meeting on the 30th day of August, 1890, the secretary. P. G. Lowe, demeaned himself in an excited and violent manner, and made use of language boisterous and profane, and.

"Whereas, said Lowe stated that if the board allowed the bill of J. G. Doane for the month of August, then under consideration, he would not sign as secretary the order for its nayment. the order for its payment;
"Resolved, That it is the sense of this

board that the conduct, language and threat of Mr. Lowe was improper, unpar-liamentary and censurable, and that an apology from Mr. Lowe is due this board." (ommissioners Anthony and Fairchild voted age. Mr. Lowe signified his willing-ness to apologize to Mr. Fairchild for the language used but insisted that he would not recognize any offense as to Colonel Anthony. The board insisted on a written apology from Mr. Lowe, and there the matter stands. Mr. Lowe taking the diemma of either making an abject apology or being deposed from the board.

AMERICAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION. SARATORA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The annual convention of the American Bankers' as-ociation began shortly before noon in the Brown hall auditorium. A large numb of the representative financial men of the union were present. After the opening exercises the president, Charles Parson president of the State bank of St. Louis divered his annual address. delivered his annual address. He breated of all the financial questions of importance, particularly of the silver question. On this latter question he argued that as congress had already passed a law for its solution that it should be given a chance o see how it worked. Agitating the ques-on at present would only result in harm

to the country.

The reports of committees and the annual reports of the treasurer and the secretary were then read and showed a flourishing condition of affairs. Prof. Edmund J. James, Ph.D., professor of ublic finances and administration at the niversity of Pennsylvania, was introduced nd read a paper on "Schools of Finance and Economy.

A BOARDING HOUSE TRUST

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 3.—The trust manis has penetrated into the realms of board g house keepers. Last evening a com-tally of forty gentlemen representing the staurant and boarding house interest of orthwest. Chicago met in high conclave and formed a union.

LONDON GOSSIP.

LONDON. Sept. 3.—An international tem-perance congress was opened yesterday at thristinia. Delegates are present from nearly all parts of the world. The choicra epidemic at Jeddah is abat-ing and the deaths now average only two a day. The appearance of the disease at Yembo, however, renews the gravity of the sessions today. Excitement on the the situation.

THE OLD TICKET.

TERM STATE OFFICIALS

A Strong Fight Made by the Supporters Waller-The Treasurer Not Yet Nominated.

The Convention's Proceedings-Adjourned Until Today-Speaker Reed Addresses a Boston Audience on the Government's Revenues and Pension Legislation - Republican League Clubs-Other Polition.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 3.—The Republican state convention met at 4 p. m. today in representive hall, with 464 delegates pres-

ent.
Chairman Henry Booth, of the state
central committee, called the body to order promptly. Prayer was offered by Rev.
McKirahan, of Topeka.
W. R. Smith, of Atchison county, was

elected temporary chairman by a large majority over P. B. Davis, of Salina. Mr. Smith made a brief but vigorous Republi-

Smith made a brief but vigorous Republican speech, that was enthusiastically applauded. T. F. Haiberson, of Stafford and J. T. Hoaglan, of Jackson, were elected temporary secretaries unanimously.

T. ere were contests in only two counties, Morris and Stafford. While the temporary chairman was making out the committees on resolutions, credentials and permanent organization, W. A. Phillips, candidate for congress from the Fifth district; Webb McNall, candidate from the Sixth district and Lew Hanback, in response to loud calls, came forward and spoke on the history of the party and the issues to be met in the campaign. met in the campaign.

The committee on resolutions com-orised one member from each of the thirty ive judicial districts of the state, Major J K. Hudson, of Topeka, chairman. General T. T. Taylor, of Reno county, was appointed chairman of the credentials com-mittee and J. S. Ellis, of Smith county, chairman of the committee on permanent organization. On the announcement of committees the convention adjourned

until 8 o'clock. The evening session began promptly at 8 o'clock after music by Marshall's band The committee on permanent organization reported R. F. Moore, of Butler county, for permanent chairman; A. P. Riddle, of Minneapolis, for permanent secretary, and Miss Minerva Walker, editor of the Harper

Graphic, for assistant secretary. The report was adopted unanimously.

The permanent chairman was introduced as a Kansas man for more than thirty years, a veteran of three years service in the war, a member of the first Re-BELLE PLAINE, Kan., Sept. 3.—The southern Kansas fair to be held in Wichta the last of this and first of next month speech of thanks.

The committee on credentials reported
Stafford county entitled to but three

The committee on resolutions not being here as one of the most liberal premium lists ever yet offered in the state, and the talk among the horsemen of this place is that the finest string of "goers" will be seen there that ever kicked dust in the state of Kansas.

Hunt Denning, the Belle Plaine horse trainer, is at the Winfield fair this week. He will be on hand at Wichita to pull the ribbons over some fine horses.

Aboutures of the most liberal premium lists every will be converted and the converted to the nomination of the ticket and Hon. Albert H. Norton was nominated by acclamation for chief justice and Governor Lyman U. Humphrey was renominated also by acclamation, as were Lieutenant Governor Felt, Secretary of State Higgins, Attorney General Kellogg and Superintendent of Public Instruction Winan.

The nomination of the ticket and Hon. Albert H. Norton was nominated by acclamation for chief justice and Governor Lyman U. Humphrey was renominated also by acclamation, as were Lieutenant Governor Felt, Secretary of State Higgins, Attorney General Kellogg and Superintendent of Public Instruction Winan.

The nominees were invited in turn to come before the convention and complied, making speeches of brief acknowledgment. Governor Humphrey, in accepting the renomination, expressed himself as neither surprised nor indifferent to the action of the convention. He would not affect to be surprised at a renomination which for come time he had some reason o anticipate, but his sensibility

of the favor, the good will the confidence, the endorsement of the convention was no less real or profound He had in view in the discharge of his duties as chief executive of the common-wealth the welfare of the entire state whose commendation and it would be his ambition and effort to deserve the people's

The governor's speech was received with arm approval. On motion, the committee on resolution On motion, the committee on resolutions not yet appearing with their report, the convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates for auditor, fifteen candidates being named as follows: C. M. Hovey, of Thomas county; Ben Fagan, of Elisworth; John N. Waller, of Wvandotte: Tell M. Waiton, of Lincoln; D. T. Richey, of Morris; Nick Reitz, of Johnsou, F. P. Stearns, of Laue; A. S. Thompson, of Rice; H. J. Bone, of Clark; E. L. Rush, of Rush; R. G. Whitman, of Pratt: Oscar Schaeffer, of Crawford; H. J. Pettijohn, of Stevens, A. H. Burtis, of Finney, ohn, of Stevens, A. H. Burtis, of Finney and D. L. Brown, of Cloud. The first ballot resulted as follows: Hovey 100, Waller 104, Fagan 25, Walton 22, Nichey 43, Reitz 43, Stearns 49, Thompson 49, Bone 24, Rush 13, Whitman 10, Schael-fer 25, Pettijohn 17, Burtis 30, and

On the second ballot Crawford county withdrew Schaeffer and Stevens withdrew Pettijohn. The ballot resulted: Hove 160 Waller 128, Fagan 19, Walton 6, Rich ey 46, Reitz 34, Stearns 52, Thompson 36, Bone 29, Whitman 5, Pettijohn 4, Burtis

hard effort was made by the opponent of Hovey to effect an adjournment, but On the third ballot Hovey was nomi-On the third ballot Hovey was nom-nasted amid cheers, the enthusiasm in-creasing as the roll call progressed, evincing a general break to Thomas county's candidate. There was a scene of great excitement and wild appianse when the result was announced. The ballot rethe result was announced. The ballot re-sulting: Hovey 450, Waller 99. Hovey's

nomination was then made unanimous. W. B. Townsend, a colored delegate of Leavenworth, made a warm speech, seconding the motion to make the nominan unanimous, but expressing regret at defeat of Waller. convention then adjourned to mee

at 10 a. m. tomorrow, SURPLUS AND DEFICIT.

Speaker Reed Addresses an Audience at

Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—Speaker Thomas

B. Reed of the national house of re-sentatives, who is on his way to Maine sentatives, who is on his way to san participate in the political campaign in that state, received a large audience to-night at Faneuil hall. Mr. Reed said "When things are to be done the Republican party does them. The great publican party does them. The great struggle which has been made by the Democratic house of representatives for years has been not to be economical in the ex-penditures of the government, but to cut down the sum total of appropriations. They have been striving in every way to pile up the surplus, not merely by taxa-tion but by parsimony in their action in

peared. They are unable to be contented, either with a surplus or without one.

"There is no doubt but that the expenditures of the government are about to approach its receipts, but any man would make a mistake if he believed that it was in any way a result of extravagance or carelessness. All the expenditure has been legitimate, just and proper. We shall expend nearly our income. We shall also reduce the taxation to the extent of \$50,000,000 in addition thereto. One great element of extaxation to the extent of \$50,000,000 in addition thereto. One great element of expenditure is pension legislation, which is not understood in New England and the character of it is not fully appreciated. With us the soldier is comparatively content with what be has received and with what is promised him in the near future. But in the west there exists a different feeling. These stories about a vast surplus have set men wild with the idea of a service pension which would bring emoluservice pension which would bring emolument to every man in the service. We
have had to meet not merely the contention of those who are parsimonious
and not willing to do what it is
fair to the soldier, but those who wished
to do such things as with the present
revenues of the government are impossible
without bankruptcy and roin. It is with
those that the Republican party grapples
with the question and solves it with that
measure of justice which is satisfactory to
the whole people of the country. So we
have met all such questions. We have
given to the postoffice department it due
need of increase. Wherever the necessities of the government require any addition, we propose to give it to the people." ervice pension which would bring emoli

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE CLUBS. REPUBLICAN LEAGUE CLUBS.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The executive committee of the National League of Republican clubs met this morning in secret session. The sub-committee met just before and adjourned until tomorrow without doing any business. Most of the business done by the executive committee was of a nature not revealed but they fixed the date of the next national league convention for April 21, next. at Cincinnati. The president, Judge Thurston, Secretary Humphrey, of New York, and Horace W. Deal, of Ohio, were appointed a special committee to co-operate with the Ohio Republican league and the Republican clubs of Cincinnati in arranging all the details for the convention. The executive committee has received The executive committee has received very cordial invitations from the Republican clubs of Cincinnati, and they are making such efforts already as will make it the greatest convention of its kind

ever held. The pian adopted last year for the repre-sentation in the national convention at Nashville will be the one also in vogue for the next convention - two delegates at large from each state and two from each congressional district containing Republican league clubs. The vice president and the executive members of the national league from each state and the president and secretary of each state league are also delegates to the national convention. The members of the executive committee will report that their states will send full dele ons to Cincinnati,

TEXAS REPUBLICANS. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 3.—The Re-ublican state convention was called to der at noon by the Executive Committee order at noon by the Executive Committee Chairman Degress, of Austin. There are something over 400 delegates present, 40 per cent. of whom are colored. In his opening address Chairman Degress begged of the delegates that they act harmoniously. When they got to heaven, he declared, they would have to walk the streets of crystal with negroes, Chinomen and Turks. As for himself, he knew no color line on this earth. His declarations met with much applianse by the colored met with much applause by the colored

Nothing was done today devone effect by temporary organization. Wright ing temporary organization. Wright of Lamar county, was put up by the whites for temporary chairman and Cuney and his colored following pitted H. B. Hawley, of Galveston, against the Lamar man. The Cuney side won and will perhaps continue to win throughout the convention. Webb Flannagan, Ouster-bout, of Bell and Rector, of Travis, are the candidates for governor.

THE SINGLE TAX CLUBS. NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The single tax delegates were promptly on hand at 10 o'clock in Cooper Union. A discussion took place as to whicher women should be elected honorary members. Henry George then read the platform which had been pre-pared. The main points were that all men were created equal with certain inaliena-ble rights. No one shall be permitted to hold property without a fair return. There shall be no tax on products of labor and all revenues for national, state and municipal purposes shall be raised by a single tax upon the land values irrespect-ve of improvements. The platform was ive of improvements. The pla-loudly applauded, and adopted.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 3.—The following congressional nominations were made to

barles W. Watkin, Republican, in the Fifth Michigan district, at Detroit. S. P. Snyder, Republican, in the Fourth finnesota district, at Anoka. Andrew Ashton, farmer, by the Demo-rats of the Sixth Illinois district, at Whiteport.

Whiteport.
Charles Barwig, Democrat, in the Second
Wisconsin district, at Zunantia.
Dr. G. D. Evans, Prohibition, in the
Tenth Illinois district, at Peoria.

MITCHELL'S ALLIANCE TICKET. BELOIT, Kan., Sept. 2.—The Mitchell ounty sub-alliances east their votes yes-erday for their choice for the several ounty offices and today the alliance's county offices and today the affinites county central committee canvassed the vote and disclosed the following to be nominees: George H. McKinney, for representative. O. J. Greenwald, clerk of the district court; A. W. Hicks, county at torney; J. C. Birt, probate judge, L. Stanley, superintendent of public instruction.

THE VERMONT RETURNS. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 3.—
The congressional vote in fifty eight towns in the First congressional district, gives Powers, Republican, 9,853; Moloney, Democrat, 5,448; majority for powers, 4,981. In the Second district fifty-nine towns gave Grout, Republican, 9,377; Shurtliff, Democrat, 5,490; majority for Grout, 5,590. erat, 4,301. majority for Grout, 5,476

EAGLE'S MAJORITY INCREASED. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 2 - Returns from 556 out of 1,920 townships in the state give Eagle (Democratic) for governor, a net gain of 2,930 over his majority in the same places two years ago.

THE DAY'S FAILURES. OSHKOSH, Wis., Sept. 2.—The firm of Hoxie & Miller, one of the most extensive lumber firms in Wisconsin, doing business in Antigo and other localities, failed to

day. The failure was precipitated by an attachment for \$60,000 in favor of the National bank of Oshkosh. The assest are said to be \$600,000; the liabilities about \$515,000. A meeting of creditors will be held sbortly in this city. The failure may ef-fect others and cause widespread trouble in northern Wisconsin. JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 3.-William M. Denle

Action of the country should be seen as a country should b RAILWAY POSTOFFICE EMPLOYES

DENVER, Col., Sept. 2.—The sixteenth annual convention of the Railway Mail Service Mutual Benefit association opened here yesterday. The most interesting topic onwidered was that of the salaries of postal

## VERY ENJOYABLE

A GRAND BALL AND BANQUET AT GUTHRIE.

The Territory's Fair Women and Brave Men do Honor to the Occasion.

Twenty-eight Toasts Responded to With Wit and Eloquence-Excellent Music and Plenteous Tables,

An Original Ball Program Participated in by the Merry Makers-The Physicians of the Territory Met and Appointed Committees to Consider the Profession's Needs.

special Dispatch to the Dally Engle. GUTHRIE, Ok., Sept. 3.—The banquet hall in the legislative building presented a brilliant spectacle this evening. The legis-lators were the observed of all observers. The territorial, executive and judiciary departments were represented in the persons of Governor Steele, Chief Justice Green, Associate Justices Seay and Green. Oklaoma at large was well represented by prominent citizens. The band discoursed excellent music. The tables were laid in excellent taste, and the responses to

toasts were replete with wit. Dancing was indulged in to a late hour. The program was elegant TWENTY-EIGHT TOASTS. The toasts were: "The chief executive of Oklahoma, the guardian of the rights of the people," Governor George W. Steele. "Our law-makers," Hon, W. A. Mo-

Cartney.
"The judiciary," Chief Justice Green.
"The ladies of Oklahoma," Hon. John "The ladies of Oklahoma," Hon. John A. Wimberly.
"Our industries." Hon. I. G. Pittman.
"Agriculture, the foundation of all prosperity and the hopes of the people." Hon. George W. Gardenhire.
"King cotton." Hon. A. R. Hammer.
"Education and our public schools," Prof. Frank Terry.
"The American people," Hon. Charles

"The deep water harbor," the speaker of e house, Hon. N. A. Duniels. "Oklahoma towns and cities," Hon. W.

Our churches," Chaplain J. B. Steven "Oklahoma, the gem of the great south-west and the fairest garden of the gods," Hon. John I. Dill.

Our friends in congress," Hon. Sydney The opening of the reservations," Hon. onn L. Brown.
"The cattle barons must go," Hon D.
V. Peery.
"Our railroads," Colonel John V. Moffit,
"The public domain," Colonel D. I. Mor-

gan. "The Oklahoma bar," Colonel W. P.

"The Okiahoma bar," Colonel W. P. Hackney.
"Our visiting statesmen of the third house," Colonel Prouty.
"The nations wards." Mayor Moses Neal.
"The public press," Hon. Mort L. Bixier.
My dream of a commonwealth," Hon. A. M. Colson.
"The sconer the better," Hon. J. C. Post. "Cklahoma homesteaders," Hou. Je

Wilderness, territory, state," Hen. M. Opening day in Oklahoma," Mayor E. Oklahoma's opportunities," Hon. J. M. Galloway.

THE DANCING PROGRAM.

The following numbers were enjoyed by The following asset the dancers:
"Oklahoma," Grand march Quadrille, plain "Our Governor" Waltz. "The Ladies of Oklahoma" Lanciers. Saratoga "Kingfisher" Our Lawmakers' Oulka, concert "Our Lawmakers' Alliance" Polka, concert. Our Lawinace Quadrille, Caledonia. "Farmers' Alliance "Price of El Reno Consta "Norman's Favorite"

At this point of the festivities the dancers adjourned to the banquet table and the delicacies provided were generally discussed, accompanied by the high interesting toasts. empanied by the highly "Democrata" Old Dan Tucker McGinty Tonsted The Beavers Oklahoma City

Newport Oklahoma City"
Quadrille, Basket "Republicans"
Waltz, Ladies' Choice
"Our Governor's Daughter" Polka. Virginia Reel "The Har"
Waltz, Home, Sweet Home "Guthrie, the Capital City" The Har

OKLAHOMA MEDICOS.

The Physicians Meet to Consider the Proectal Disputch to the Bally Engle GUTHURE, Ok., Sept. 3 .- Pursuant to a

call the following physicians of Oklahoma met at the Masonic hall: Drs. C.F. Waldren, J. S. Childs, J. P. McIlrain and C. B. Bradford, of Oklahoma City; Drs. J. R. Shive and J. S. Crabtree, of Kingfisher, Dr. F. M. Moore, of Edmond: Drs. C. F. Cotteral, J. F. Phelps, T. R. Cane, H. E. Marian, F. M. Ackiey, J. M. Craig, F. M. Smart, L. R. Ketchem, E. O. Barker, of Gutbrie. Dr. Smart called the meeting to order by

Dr. Waldren was elected president and Dr. Barker secretary of the meeting. On motion a committee of five was ap-pointed for the purpose of formulating a

all regulating the practice of medicine the territory, as follows: Dra Cotteral, Ketchum, Childs, Cave, McIlwain.
On motion the name of Dr. Waldren was added to the committee. On motion the name of Dr. Crabtree was substituted for that of Dr. Waldres. On motion the name of Dr. Moore was

substituted for that of Dr. Cave.

The committee was requested to meet at 4.00 p. m., and it then reported that a committee of five he appointed to draft a bill to submit to a convention of physicians to be called by the chairman of

report was accepted with the amendment that the meeting call a convention to meet at Edmond October F at Sp. m. The committee was appointed as follows: Dra Harnes, Smart, Bradford, Childs, Over-

HOVEY REFUSED HIS SALARY, INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 8.—Governor Hovey sent to the treasurer of the state yesterday for an installment of his salary, but the offictal replied that it could not be paid and stated that he was compelled by

aw to hold the rande in his personing ubject to the demands of the benevolent activations, there being only elected potter now in the treasury to pay their unning expenses till funds were due from the expenditure of money. So long as they could point to the clogging of business which results from the storing of business which results from the storing of money in the treasury they seemed to be happy, but now they are busily engaged in showing that the surplus has disapped to the amount of work done.